



Consider the following set of test grades: { 92, 99, 85, 95, 79, 64, 79, 91, 56, 82, 81 }

These numbers can be entered and the following statistics easily produced:

mean, median, standard deviation, lower-quartile, upper-quartile, min, max, ... and more.

Press the STAT <sup>SEED</sup> button and then select EDIT by pressing ENTER.



L1	L2	L3 2	]
92 99 85 79 67 79			
L2(1)=			

Under L1, enter the first number in the list, press the DOWN ARROW, and then enter the next number. Continue until all numbers are entered.(If L1 is not initially empty, UP ARROW on top of L1, press CLEAR and then ENTER.)

Now that the data is entered we are ready to display statistical facts about the data:

Press the **STAT** we button, **RIGHT ARROW** over to **CALC**.

Choose **1: 1-Var Stats**. Press **ENTER** twice.



The statistics for the data in the L1 list displays. Use the DOWN-ARROW to move down the display to view the remaining statistics.



The following definitions apply to the some of the displayed statistics:

The **mean**  $(\bar{x})$  is the average:

The **median** (Med) is the number in the middle of the **ordered** list: (If there are two numbers in the middle, average them.)

The **lower quartile** (Q<sub>1</sub>) is the median of the lower half of the numbers:

The **upper quartile** (Q<sub>3</sub>) is the median of the upper half of the numbers:

(When there are an odd number of data points, the middle value is not used when finding either quartile.)

The **standard deviation** ( $\sigma$ ) is a measure of the average "scatter" of the data.